

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
 IPC 7 H04L12/28 H04Q7/38

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 H04Q H04L

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, WPI Data, PAJ, INSPEC

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	AUST S ET AL: "Design issues of mobile IP handoffs between general packet radio service GPRS) networks and wireless LAN (WLAN) systems" IEEE PUBLICATIONS, vol. 2, 27 October 2002 (2002-10-27), pages 868-872, XP010619215 cited in the application	1,2,6-9
A	page 868, left-hand column, line 1 - line 15 page 868, right-hand column, line 12 - line 25 page 870, left-hand column, line 6 - right-hand column, line 13 -----	3-5

☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

☐ Patent family members are listed in annex.

° Special categories of cited documents:

- *A* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- *E* earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
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Date of the actual completion of the international search

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Name and mailing address of the ISA

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24. (new) A subscriber terminal communicating with first and second network access devices, comprising:

means for receiving signals of a connection transmitted on a physical layer from the first network access device;

means for determining at least one quality parameter based on received signals; and

means for controlling relaying of an advertisement, received from the first network access device, to a mobility-controlling mechanism of a network layer, according to the at least one quality parameter, with the mobility-controlling mechanism being designed to control a handover of a link to the second network access device according to received advertisements.

Claims

1. Method for controlling a handover between two network devices,
with the handover being carried out as a function of at least one quality parameter determined in a link layer on the basis of signal transmissions on a physical layer, with mobility-controlling mechanism (MIP) of a network layer being used to decide on the transfer,
characterized in that
in preparation for the handover at least one message received by a currently supplying network access device is relayed from the physical layer to the network layer or suppressed as a function of at least one determined quality parameter.
2. Method for handover between two network devices,
with the handover being carried out as a function of at least one quality parameter determined in a link layer on the basis of signal transmissions on a physical layer, with a mobility-controlling mechanism (MIP) of a network layer being used to decide on the handover,
characterized in that
in preparation for the handover the insertion of an advertisement in the reception signals relayed to the network layer is carried out according to at least one determined quality parameter.
3. Method in accordance with claim 1 or 2,

with a decision being made regarding the relaying or insertion of at least one advertisement in an intermediate layer (POLIMAND) arranged between the link layer and the mobility-controlling network layer.

4. Method in accordance with the preceding claim, with the decision being made according to a comparison of at least one determined quality parameter with a least one specified threshold value.
5. Method in accordance with the preceding claim with at least one threshold value being defined specific to a network access device.
6. Method in accordance with a preceding claim, with a handover being carried out between two network devices supporting two different standards (WLAN, GPRS) on the physical layer.
7. Method in accordance with a preceding claim, with the handover not being carried out until a specified time interval has elapsed after completion of a preceding handover.
8. Method in accordance with a preceding claim with the handover not being carried out until after a determined number of received advertisements has been exceeded.

9. Subscriber terminal (mobile node), having means for receiving signals of a connection transmitted on a physical layer from a first network access device, means for determining at least one quality parameter on the basis of received signals, and means for controlling a relaying of an advertisement, received from the first network access device, to a mobility-controlling mechanism (MIP) of a network layer, according to at least one determined quality parameter, with the mobility-controlling mechanism (MIP) being designed to control a handover of a link to a second network access device according to received advertisements.